

## BURNLEY RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

# Annual Report of the MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

For the Year ended 31st December, 1945.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

We have the honour to present to you the Annual Report dealing with the work carried out by the Council under the Public Health and other Acts during the year 1945. The duties of Medical Officer of Health were shared by us, as no permanent appointment has yet been made.

The health of the district, on the whole, was satisfactory and there was no unusual or excessive mortality which requires special comment.

Particulars of the incidence of infectious diseases are given in the body of the report.

It will be noted that the total number of cases was considerably higher than in 1944, chiefly due to increased numbers of measles, whooping cough and diphtheria.

There were, however, no epidemics, but a minor outbreak of scarlet fever and measles occurred in Briercliffe and Worsthorne.

Diphtheria, too, was more prevalent than in recent years. Fifteen cases occurred but these were confined to 11 families and the incidence was spread over 9 parishes.

Immunisation against diphtheria continued during the year and 155 children received treatment. An interesting and informative inquiry was carried out to ascertain the correct number of children under 5 years of age who had been immunised,

as the percentage of children immunised under the Council's scheme appear to be rather low. Details of this inquiry are given on page 23.

The birth-rate of 15·3 per 1,000 of the population was the highest for over 10 years, but was slighlty lower than the general rate for the whole country, which was 16·1.

The infant mortality rate of 25 per 1,000 live births was one of the lowest recorded during the last 10 years and compares favourably with the rate of 46 for England and Wales.

The general death-rate was slightly lower than the average taken over the last 10 years but was a little higher than in 1944 and 1.6 higher than the national rate.

Of the 203 deaths, 131 were of persons over 65 years of age. The principal causes of death were:—Heart disease 56, Intracranial vascular lesions 29, Cancer 24 and Bronchitis 19.

There were 7 deaths from tuberculosis as against 3 in 1944.

As regards the sanitary conditions of the district, supervision was well-maintained, but one has again to record the difficulty in getting defects remedied owing to shortage of materials, and the extra work this caused by necessitating frequent re-visits to premises.

We desire to express our indebtedness to Mr. A. Johnson, Sanitary Inspector, for the excellent work he has performed. Much of the responsibility of the health and sanitary services has been borne by him, and he has at all times shown keeness and been untiring in his efforts to improve conditions in the area. We appreciate his assistance.

We are,

Your obedient Servants,

R. E. ROBINSON.

D. C. LAMONT.

## Burnley Rural District Council

#### YEAR 1945.

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Chairman: Councillor Wm. Alderson. Vice-Chairman: Councillor R. Tootell.

#### **COUNCILLORS:**

Altham - - - Herbert Jessop, Pasture Gate, Altham.

Barley - - - William James Martin, Hoarstones Cote, Fence.

Blacko - - - Irvin Walton, "Hillcrest" Gisburn Road, Blacko.

Briercliffe - - James E. Leaver, Rose Cottage, Cockden, Briercliffe.

Cliviger - - - William Alderson, c.c., 1, Longfield Terrace, Cliviger.

Dunnockshaw - John E. Riley, 4, Prospect Terrace, Dunnockshaw.

Foulridge - - W. I. Berry, "Burnside," Foulridge.

Goldshaw Booth William Starkie, Craven Lea, Fence, nr. Burnley.

Habergham C. Longbottom, Small Hazels Farm, Eaves Habergham Eaves.

Hapton - - Edward Dinsdale, "Hambleside," Burnley Road, Hapton.

Higham - - - James Stuttard, J.P., Whitehill, Read.

Ightenhill - - Frederick Crossley, J.P., Stockbridge House, Padiham.

Old Laund Booth Francis Holgate, "Lyndene" Fence.

Read - - - David Creears, "Castlebank," Straits Lane, Read.

#### COUNCILLORS.—CONTINUED.

Reedley Hallows Richard Tootell, 22, Reedley Grove, Reedley.

Roughlee Booth Joseph B. Hodgkins, c.a., "Sherwood," Fence.

Sabden - - - F. Birtwell, 97, Whalley Road, Sabden.

Simonstone and J. R. Ferniough, "Edgeley" South View, Northtown Whin Lane, Simonstone.

Worsthorne-with- Alfred Henry Pickles, J.P., "Bryn Hey," Hurstwood Worsthorne.

#### OFFICIALS:-

Clerk—H. E. Purton.

Medical Officers of Health—D. C. LAMONT, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H. (Temporary).

M.O.H., BURNLEY.

R. E. ROBINSON, M.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., M.O.H., COLNE. (acting for Dr. Roberts, M.O.H., Nelson, serving in the Forces since February, 1945).

Engineer and Surveyor-F. HEWITT, F.S.I.

Sanitary Inspectors—A. Johnson (Chief), M.S.I.A.

H. WOODCOCK, M.S.I.A. (appointed May, 1945).

Council Offices—"OAKLEIGH," REEDLEY, NEAR BURNLEY.

## (A) STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

### II.

Area (in acres)	39841
Population - Census, 1931	17521
Estimated mid-year 1945	15580
Number of inhabited houses (Census 1931)	5027
Number of families or separate occupiers (Census 1931)	5047
Number of inhabited houses at the end of 1945 accord-	
ing to Rate Book	5954
Rateable value	£123303
Sum represented by a 1d. rate (estimated)	£480

The chief occupations of the people are cotton weaving, coal mining and dairy farming.

There was practically no unemployment in the District during the year. Social conditions, on the whole, were fairly satisfactory.

#### VITAL STATISTICS.

#### BIRTHS.

W 9 W 14 T 11	Total.	Male.	Female.
Live Births :—Legitimate	228	125	103
Illegitimate	11	6	5
(Birth-rate per 1,00	00 of the	population - 1	5 · 3)
Still Births: Legitimate	10	4	6
Illegitimate	-	-	
(Rate per 1,000 total	(live and	d still) births - 4	0.0).
I	DEATHS.		
Total.	Male.	Fema	ale.
203	91	11:	2
(Death-rate per 1,00	00 of the	population - 13	0).
MATERN	AT MOR	TAI ITV	

MAIERN.	AL MUR	(IALIIX.
Ι	Deaths	Death-rate per 1,000 total (live & still) births.
Puerperal and post-abortive sepsis	1	4.01
Other maternal causes		—

## DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE.

Mala

Total

	I Otal.	Maic.	remaie.			
Legitimate	4	2	2			
Illegitimate	2	-	2			
Death-rate of all Infants per 1,000 live births – 25.						
Death-rate of legit	imate infa	ants per 1,000 leg.	live births-17.			
Death-rate of illegit	timate infa	ints per 1,000 illeg. l	ive births–181.			

The following tables shewing the birth and death rates during the last ten years will perhaps be of interest.

## BIRTH RATE FOR THE PAST 10 YEARS.

Year.	Births.	Rate per 1,000
		of Population.
1936	178	9.9
1937	180	10.1
1938	184	10.3
1939	203	11.6
1940	181	10.4
1941	190	11.0
194 <b>2</b>	194	11.5
1943	225	13.6
1944	245	14.9
1945	239	15.3

#### DEATH RATE FOR THE PAST 10 YEARS.

Year.	No.	Rate pr 1,000 of Population.
1936	223	12.4
1937	241	13.6
1938	182	10.2
1939	242	13.8
1940	232	13.3
1941	248	14.3
1942	225	13.3
1943	255	15.4
1944	212	12.9
1945	203	13.0

## INFANTILE DEATHS FOR THE PAST 10 YEARS.

Year.	No.	Rate per
		1,000 births.
1936	8	44.0
1937	8	44.0
1938	8	43.0
1939	11	54.0
1940	8	43.0
1941	8	41.0
1942	4	20.0
1943	12	53.0
1944	14	57.0
1945	6	25.0

Deaths	from	Cancer (all ages)	30
,,	,,	Measles (all ages)	_
"	,,	Whooping Cough (all ages)	
,,	,,	Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	_

	Per 1,0	00 of Estim	MATED POPU	JLATION.	Mat Mortali	Rate of Deaths	
Mean of five	Live birth-rate	Crude death-rate	Death-rate from tuber- culosis of resp'tory system	Death-rate from cancer	Per 1,000 Live births	Per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) births	under One Year per 1,000 live births
1940-1944	12 2	13.8	0.32	1.59	2.87	2.81	42
1944 1945 Increase or decrease in 1945 on— Five years'	14·9 15·3	12·9 13·0	0·06 0·44	1·34 1·92	Nil. 4·18	Nil. 4·01	57 25
average, 1940-1944 Previous year		$-0.8 \\ +0.1$	÷0·12 ÷0·38	÷0⋅33 ÷0⋅58	÷1·31 ÷4·18	$+1 \cdot 20 \\ +4 \cdot 01$	—17 —32

## CAUSES OF DEATH.

					Male.	Female.
1	Typhoid and paratyphoid	l fev	ers			
2	Cerebro-spinal fever				_	_
	Scarlet fever		••••		_	1
4	Whooping cough		• • • •			
	Diphtheria				1	1
6.	Tuberculosis of respirator	rv sv	stem		4	3
7.	Other forms of tuberculo	sis				
8.	Syphilitic diseases				1	
9.	Influenza		••••		—	_
10.	Measles		••••			
11.	Acute polio-myelitis and	poli	o-enceph	alitis		_
12.	Acute infectious encepha	litis	••••		_	<del></del>
13.	Cancer of buccal cavity	and	oesopha	agus		
	(males); also cancer of ut	erus	(F)	••••	1	3
14.	Cancer of stomach and d	node	num		1	1
15.	Cancer of breast					6
16.	Cancer of all other sites				11	7
	Diabetes		••••			1
	Intra-cranial vascular les				14	15
19.	Heart Disease				23	33
<b>2</b> 0.	Other diseases of circulat	tory	system		2	2
21.	Bronchitis				10	9
	Pneumenia		••••		1	1
23.	Other respiratory disease	es			1	1
	Ulcer of stomach or duce					
25.	Diarrhoea, under 2 years	s of a	ige		_	
26.	Appendicitis			••••	1	_
27.			••••		2	3
28.	Nephritis				1	4
29.	Puerperal and post-abor	tive	sepsis			1
30.	Other maternal causes					
31.	Premature birth					1
32.	Congenital malformation				0	0
	infantile disease		••••	••••	2	3
	Suicide	••••	••••	••••	1	_
	Road traffic accidents		••••	••••		1
	Other violent causes		••••			3
36.	All other causes		••••		14	12
						110
					91	112

The total number of deaths was 9 fewer than in the previous year. The average for the previous 10 years was 227 deaths.

## SUMMARY OF DEATHS AT VARIOUS AGE PERIODS

	Under 1 year	1-2	2-5	5-15	15–25	25-45	45-65	65–75	75 and over.	Total
Males	4	_		1		5	26	29	26	91
Females	2	-	1	1	2	6	24	40	36	112
	6	_	1	2	2	11	50	69	62	203

There was no evidence that any of the conditions of occupations or environment had any prejudicial effect on health.

A				
	ngland and Vales.	126 C.Bs. and Great Towns including London.	148 Smaller Towns Resident Pop. 25,00-50,000 at 1931 Census.	Burnley Rural District.
*	Rates pe	er 1,000 Civilia	an Population.	
Live Births	16.1‡	19.1	19.2	15.3
Still	0.46‡	0.58	0.53	0.6
Deaths:—	0.40+	0.00	0.00	
All causes	11.4‡	13.5	12.3	13.0
Typhoid and	11.14	10.0	12.0	20.0
Paratyphoid	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Scarlet Fever	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Whooping Cough	0.02	0.02	0.01	
Diphtheria	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.12
Influenza	0.08	0.07	0.07	
Smallpox				
Measles	0.02	0.02	0.02	_
measics		er 1,000 Live		
	Kates p	t,000 Live	Diffus .—	
Deaths under 1 year of Age  Deaths from Diarrhoea and Enteritis under	46†	54	43	25
2 years of age	5.6	7.8	4.5	_
	Rates p	er 1,000 Civili	ian Population.	
Notifications :—		1	1	
Typhoid Fever	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.0
Paratyphoid Fever	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.0
Cerebro Spinal Fever	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.0
Scarlet Fever	1.89	2.02	2.03	2.69
Whooping Cough	1.64	1.65	1.47	1.0
Diphtheriz	0.46	0.52	0.56	0.96
Erysipelas	0.25	0.28	0.24	0.19
Smallpox	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Measles	11.67	10.89	11.19	4.8
Pneumonia	0.87	1.03	0.72	0.57

<sup>\*</sup> A dash (—) signifies that there was no deaths.

<sup>†</sup> Per 1;000 related births.

<sup>‡</sup> Rates per 1,000 Total Population.

## (B) GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

1. Laboratory Facilities.—Specimens for bacteriological and pathological examination are sent to the Burnley Public Health Laboratory, Victoria Hospital, Burnley, and the cost of examination is borne by the Rural District Council.

The number of specimens sent to the Laboratory by medical practitioners and others during 1945 is given on page 22.

2. Ambulance Facilities.—A free ambulance service for accident and sick cases is in operation throughout the District, by arrangement with neighbouring local authorities whose ambulances are used.

The cost to the Council for the year was approximately £380.

Prior to 1944 a charge was made by the Authority providing the ambulance direct to the person using it.

- 3. Nursing in the Home.—There are three Nursing Associations in the District, viz. :—
  - (a) Fence District, which includes the parishes of Old Laund Booth, Higham, Barley, Roughlee, Goldshaw Booth and part of Reedley. One Nurse.
  - (b) Read District includes the parishes of Read, Sabden, Simonstone. One Nurse.
  - (c) Cliviger District includes the parishes of Cliviger, Worsthorne, Hapton, and Habergham Eaves. Two Nurses.
  - (d) **Blacko,** this township is a member of the Nursing Association in the adjacent Urban District of Barrowford.

Other parishes are served by Nursing Associations in nearby towns through voluntary subscriptions.

The nurses attend to midwifery cases on behalf of the County Council. This service, and indeed the nurses work generally, has been of inestimable value to the District, and is greatly appreciated by the public.

The Associations are maintained by public subscriptions, but the County Council meet the cost of the service in connection with midwifery. 4. Clinics and Treatment Centres.—The following facilities are available for residents in the Rural District:—

Situation. Service. Maternity and Child Welfare. Centres at Briercliffe, Cliviger, Sabden, Foulridge and Worsthorne in the Rural District, and at centres in the Urban Districts of Barrowford and Padiham. Day Nurseries. None provided. Padiham and Nelson. School Clinics. Accrington and Nelson. Tuberculosis Dispensaries. Victoria Hospital, Burnley. Venereal Disease.

The above are all provided by the Lancashire County Council.

## (C)—SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA. WATER SUPPLY.

No important changes or developments took place during the year.

The supplies are constant and there was no shortage in any part of the district.

Thirty houses at **Blacko** and thirty-four at **Overtown**, **Cliviger** were connected to the public water supplies in place of two inadequate private supplies.

Eleven samples were taken, seven from the Council's water supplies and four from private supplies, as follows:—

LIC SUPPLIES.	Result of	Examination.
Township.	Chemical.	Bacteriological.
Briercliffe		Satisfactory.
Cliviger		do.
Foulridge		Unsatisfactory. (later satis).
Hapton		Satisfactory.
Read		Fair
Newchurch-in-Pendl	e —	Unsatisfactory (later satis. after chlorination)
Sabden	_	Reasonably Satisfactory.

These results were reported to the Council, and, where necessary, appropriate action was taken by the Surveyor's Department to effect an improvement,

## PRIVATE SUPPLIES (Piped).

Township.	Chemical.	Bacteriological.
Roughlee School		Unsatisfactory.
Offa Hill, Roughlee.		do.
(3 farms).		
Field Top, Fence.		Unsatisfactory.
(10 houses).		·
Wheatley Lane, Fence.	Satisfactory.	
(Ōne).		

Negotiations are in progress with a view to having Roughlee School, and the houses at Field Top, Fence, connected to public water supplies.

### RIVERS AND STREAMS.

No special action has been taken to check the pollution of rivers and streams in the area. The chief source of pollution is from villages not yet sewered.

#### DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

There were no important extensions of sewerage nor was any special work carried out in connection with sewage disposal.

Sewerage schemes are needed at Cliviger, Dunnockshaw, part of Briercliffe (Lane Bottom area), and Ightenhill, Newchurchin-Pendle, Simonstone (Clough area), Reedley Hallows (Ainsdale Ave., and Quaker Bridge) Barley and Roughlee.

A sewerage scheme for Cliviger is at present being considered.

## CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

The following statement shews the number of closet conversions carried out during the year, and for the previous 5 years:—

_	945.	1940—1944.
Waste water closets to fresh water closets	5	28
Privies to fresh water closets		4
Privies to pail closets		13
Pail closets to fresh water closets		1

The approximate numbers of sanitary conveniences in the District are as follows:—

Fresh-water closets	2419
Waste water closets	2191
Pail closets	612
Tank closets (cesspools)	423

### PUBLIC CLEANSING.

There was no extension or improvement during the year in the arrangements for public cleansing.

Salvage collections again showed a decrease on the previous two years' figures, in spite of all our efforts to keep them up. Waste paper collections fell from 96 tons to 72 tons, and metal from 8 to 5 tons. The receipts fell from £736 to £553.

... 72 tons 10 cwts. 3qrs. Waste Paper ... 148 doz. Bottles ... 146 doz. 1 lb., 16 doz. 2 lbs. Jars ... ... 5 tons 12 cwts. 3 qrs. Scrap Iron ... 1 cwt. 88 lbs. Aluminium ... 2 cwts. 84 lbs. Lead ... 1 cwt. 40 lbs. Brass ... 68 lbs. Copper ... ... 18 lbs. Zinc 29 cwts. 34 lbs. Bones 71 cwts. 33 lbs. Rags 1 ton 5 cwts. Waste Rubber

## The sale of this material realised £553 14s. 4d.

Number of visits to premises

## SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT.

The several townships in the District have been regularly inspected.

Sixty-one complaints were received. These were immediately investigated and dealt with.

874

- IN I	imber of visits to prefinse	3	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	0,1
Nı	ımber of defects or nuisai	nces four	nd	`	• • •	• • •	337
Nı	ımber of notices issued—	(a) Preli	minary		• • •	• • •	74
		(b) Stati	itory		• • •	• • •	2
M	ATTERS DEALT WITH	. :—					
	Defective dustbins renev	wed				• • •	179
	Defective sanitary pails		l	•••	•••	• • •	48
	Blocked waste water clo	sets ope	ned			• • •	6
	Water under house floor			• • •		• • •	1
	Burst water pipes repair	red	•••	•••	•••	• • •	5
	Defective troughings re			• • •	• • •	• • •	2
	House walls repointed	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	l
	Blocked drains opened	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	21
	Drains repaired		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	28
	Bad smell in houses	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	$\frac{2}{1}$
	Yard wall rebuilt	•••	• • •		•••	• • •	1
	Septic tanks cleansed	• • •		• • •	• • •	•••	8

New sink provided			• • •		1
Defective scullery windows renew					1
Defective floor boards renewed					1
Defective closet trap renewed					1
Defective closet tipper repaired					1
Defective yard surface relaid					1
Defective fireback boiler renewed					1
Dirty houses cleansed					3
Accumulations of refuse removed					2
Caravans removed					2
Insanitary closet accommodation	at Caf	fe			1
· ·				-	
Tot	al nuis	sances	abated		317

#### SHOPS.

No action was taken during the year under the provisions of the Shops Act, 1934, relating to temperature and ventilation of shops and to sanitary conveniences, nor under the Public Health Act, 1936.

#### CAMPING SITES.

- (a) Number of sites in the District which were used for camping purposes during 1945 ... ... Two
- (b) Number of camping sites in respect of which licences have been issued by the local authority under section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936 None
- (c) Estimated maximum number of campers resident in the district at one time during the summer season 60

#### SMOKE ABATEMENT.

No special action was taken with regard to smoke abatement.

#### SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS.

No changes or developments during the year.

#### FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

Several inspections were made and the sanitary conditions generally were found to be satisfactory.

## TENTS, VANS, SHEDS, ETC.

No action was taken with regard to tents, vans, sheds, etc. in the district. There are no local byelaws dealing with these or similar structures.

#### SCHOOLS.

Conditions reported in previous reports are unchanged and no school closure took place on account of infectious disease.

#### ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

No case of infestation was reported or found during the year.

(D) HOUSING.

The housing conditions, generally, are fairly satisfactory considering that during the war years practically no housing work has been possible. Like every other place in the country new houses are urgently needed and the Council are proposing to build 183 houses at a first instalment of their housing pro-

to build 183 houses at a first instalment of their housing programme.

(a) STATISTICS.

Number of new houses erected during the Year:— None.

	. Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year:—
423 501	(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
397 397	(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under subhead (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932 (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
_	(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous as to be unfit for human habitation
26	(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation
. 26	2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices:—  Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers
	3. Action under statutory powers during the year:—  (a) Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:
1	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs
1	<ul> <li>(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:—</li> <li>(a) By owners</li> <li>(b) By Local Authority in default of owners</li> </ul>

(b)	Proc	ceedings under Public	Не	alth Acts:	
	(1)			es in respect of which quiring defects to be	
	(9)	remedied			0
	(4)	Number of dwelling- were remedied afte		vice of formal notices	0
4. Hous	sing	Act, 1936. Part IV	7. C	vercrowding.	
	(a)	(i) Number of dwell			
		end of the year (e		<b>,</b>	18
		(ii) Number of famil		O	18
	/7.\ X	(iii) Number of pers		· ·	82
	( <i>b</i> ) I	Number of new cases during the year		vercrowding reported	0
	(c) I	Number of cases of ove			
	. ,	the year			0
general walls; p	cha: provi	pairs effected to hous racter and included sions of new eaves gr ors, window frames, e	sucl utter	h items as:—pointings and downspouts; re	ng of epairs
Cons repairs	sidera done	able difficulty was on account of shorta	agai: ige o	n experienced in go f labour and material	etting s.
(	E) I	INSPECTION AND SU	IPER	VISION OF FOOD.	
		(a) Milk S	SUPP	LY.	
Part have be	icula een g	rs as to the number given in previous rep	of o	dairy farms in the d	istrict
The	e nur	nber of inspections m	ade o	during 1945 3	92
		issued re defects and		9	24
In	npro	vements effected :—			
Cl		r Laithe Farm,		siderable alteration	
	Cı	LIVIGER.	the	cowshed, including	
			(a)	Standings turned so that the cattle tail-to-tail.	
			(b)	Floor concreted.	
			(c)	Windows enlarged.	
			( <i>d</i> )	Tubular steel firefixed in place of boskins.	ttings wood
			(e)	Modern dairy built.	

Farside Farm, CLIVIGER. (a) New modern dairy built.

Cobcar Nook Farm, READ. (a) Cowshed floor concreted.

Whittaker Farm, READ.

- (a) Cowshed floor concreted.
- (b) Additional windows provided.
- (c) Dairy built.

## (b) MEAT AND OTHER FOOD.

Under the Government's war-time scheme of meat control the private slaughterhouses in the district have not been used since the beginning of the war; all slaughtering for this area is at present being done at the abattoir in Burnley.

The butchers' shops have, however, been inspected and were found clean and well-maintained. The following articles of food were condemned during the year:—

137 tins of biscuits.

8 lbs. of butter.

2 tins  $(2\frac{1}{2} \text{ lbs.})$  chopped ham.

## (c) ADULTERATION, ETC.

The County Council is the Food and Drugs Authority under the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, and deal with adulteration of food, etc.

(d) CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS OF FOOD.

Examinations are carried out at the Burnley Municipal Laboratory. No food was sent for examination during the year.

## (e) NUTRITION.

'No special action was taken.

## (f) SHELL-FISH (MOLLUSCAN).

There are no shell-fish beds or layings in the District.

## (F) PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

#### GENERAL.

There was a considerable increase in the total number of cases reported as compared with the number in 1944 in which year the incidence of infectious disease was exceptionally low. The number, however, was well below the average for the previous 5 years.

An outbreak of measles occurred at Briercliffe and Worsthorne, but apart from this, the incidence of disease was not high in any one parish.

#### INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945
Smallpox	—	_	_			_
Scarlet Fever	15	47	71	40	39	42
Diphtheria	6	11	1	4	3	15
Enteric fever (includi	ng					
paratyphoid)	—	3			—	
Measles	147	146	73	173	33	75
Whooping cough	44	37	22	27	2	16
Acute pneumonia	22	16	11	10	6	9
Puerperal pyrexia	1		4	2	2	2
Cerebro-spinal fever	1	4	2	1	_	
Acute poliomyelitis	1					
Dysentery	—		—	3	4	7
Erysipelas	8	6	8	1	4	3
Ophthalmia Neon		1	4	5		1
Total	245	271	196	266	93	170

**Scarlet Fever**:—The cases were fairly well distributed over the whole district, notifications being received from 14, out of 20, parishes.

The figures shown in brackets are the numbers for the previous year.

Altham1 (1) Hi	gham2 (2)
	htenhill $0$ $(1)$
Blacko	orthtown (0)
Briercliffe 11 (5) Ol	d Laund Booth4 (3)
	ead (9)
	eedley 5 (2)
	oughlee (1)
	bden0 (1)
Habergham Eaves1 (0) Sin	monstone $(1)$
	orsthorne
Seasonal P	revalence.
January 10 (7) Ju	ly 2 (1)
February	igust2 (1)
March	eptember1 (4)
April	tober
May4 (4) N	ovember
June3 (4) D	ecember (3)
·	
Disease Hospital, 55% of the total	e removed to the Infectious l number notified.
There were no deaths.	
Diphtheria:—Fifteen cases	occurred, compared with 3 in
1944.	
Townships a	ffected :—
Briercliffe5	Read1
Hapton3	Sabden1
Habergham Eaves1	Northtown1
Cliviger1	Worsthorne1
Foulridge1	
Seasonal Pr	evalence.
January2	May3
February2	July1
March2	August3
1 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Dagamban 1

Of the 5 cases at Briercliffe, 3 occurred in one family and 2 in another; and of the 3 cases at Hapton, 2 were from one family.

December .....1

March ......2 April .....1

There were 2 deaths, one a man aged 32 and the other a child aged 2 years, neither of whom had been immunised.

Six of the patients had previously received immunisation treatment.

All the cases were removed to the Infectious Disease Hospital.

**Measles**:—There was a large increase in the number of cases reported, compared with the previous year's figure, which was exceptionally low.

Townships from which notifications were received:—
Altham       .4 (0)       Higham       1 (1)         Barley       .0 (1)       Ightenhill       0 (2)         Blacko       .0 (1)       Northtown       0 (0)         Briercliffe       .27 (1)       Old Laund Booth       3 (0)         Cliviger       .4 (2)       Read       0 (0)         Dunnockshaw       .1 (0)       Sabden       .6(20)         Foulridge       .0 (1)       Reedley       .7 (2)         Goldshaw Booth       .0 (0)       Simonstone       .0 (0)         Habergham Eaves       .2 (1)       Worsthorne       .4 (1)         Hapton       .6 (0)
Seasonal Prevalence.
January 5 July 9 February 4 August 3 March 17 September 0 April 17 October 0 May 14 November 0 June 5 December 1  Pneumonia:—Nine cases were notified as compared with 6 in 1944, and an average of 13 in the previous 5 years.  There were two deaths during the year from this disease.
Townships from which notifications were received:—
Briercliffe
June1November1August2December2October3

Whooping Cough:—There were 16 cases notified as compared with 2 in the previous year. In 1944 the number was exceptionally low, the average number for the preceding 4 years 1940—1943 being 32.

Townships	from	which	notifications were received:—
Altham		2	Reedley6
Goldshaw Booth		1	Sabden1
Old Laund Bootl	h	2	Worsthorne4
		Seasona	1 Prevalence.

January1	September2
March1	October4
July7	December1

Eleven of the 16 cases came from 5 families, 2 each from 4 families and 3 in another.

There were no deaths.

Other Infectious Disease: -None of the other infectious diseases calls for special comment.

Disinfection:—66 houses were disinfected during the year. Fumigation or spraying with formalin is the usual method employed. Where necessary, bedding, etc. is removed to the Burnley Corporation Cleansing Station for steam disinfection.

## Pathological and Bacteriological Examinations.

7	Total	Negative	Positive
Swabs (Diph)	. 38	33	5
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 11	11	_
Faeces (Ent. or Dys.)	20		_

## Diphtheria Immunisation.

The number of children who completed a full course of immunisation during the year was:—

0—4 years of age ... ... 116 5—14 years of age

At the end of the year 1944,  $31\cdot7\%$  of children under 5 years of age and  $56\cdot6\%$  between 5 and 15 years of age had been immunised under the Council's scheme. Many children receive treatment privately by the family doctor and in order to obtain information on this point and thus ascertain exactly how many children under 5 years of age had been immunised, a questionaire was sent to every home in the District where there was a child within this age group, and no official record of the child having had treatment. A combined leaflet and consent form was included with the questionaire.

The replies to this enquiry were as follows:—	
Circulars, etc. sent out 350 in respect of Replies received 218 ,, ,, ,,	426 children 251 ,,
Number of children immunised:—	
(a) At Clinics outside rural district (b) Privately by family doctor	63 112
	Total 175
Consent forms returned for treatment to be given Parents making own arrangements	23
Objections	38
No reply	
The percentage of children immunised at the year, 1945, was:—	end of the
0—4 years of age	
Prophylactic used by Council - A.P.T.  No post-Schick tests were undertaken.	

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS) DURING THE YEAR, 1945.

st.	.sd)£	tal Dea	oT	0  0	4
be of intere	Hospital.		belonging to District	01	61
l perhaps	Hos	Total cases removed	to Hospital.	15	43
ups, wil			65 & over		2
age gro			45-65		61
arious			35-45	1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	9
er the v			20-35	14   00   0	11
m, unde			15-20		12
herefro	otified.	Total Cases Notified.  Years.	10-15	x 24         1 4	15
eaths t	Cases 1		5-10	81   1   1   1   8	65
l, and d	Total		4-5	w w           w     4	18
notified		-	3-4	1	11
iseases		-	2-3	41       18     6	17
tious d			1-2		7
of infe			Under 1		4
of cases		Total	at all	42 15 15 7 7 7 7 7 7 1 1 16	170
The following analysis of cases of infectious diseases notified, and deaths therefrom, under the various age groups, will perhaps be of interest.		Notifiable Diseases.		Smallpox Scarlet fever Diphtheria Enteric fever Acute pneumonia (primary & influenzal) Puerperal pyrexia Cerebro-spinal fever Dysentery Measles neonatorum neonatorum Erysipelas Whooping Cough	

Cancer:—The number of deaths from cancer was 30, eight more than in the previous year.

The average number of deaths for the decennial period 1935-1944 was 27.

## Localisation of the disease:—

Females:—Lung 4; Uterus 4; Colon 1; Breast 4; Liver 3. Rectum 1; Others 2.

Males:—Stomach 1; Prostate 2; Pancreas 2; Oesophagus 1; Lung 1; Colon 2; Rectum 2.

#### SUMMARY OF DEATHS AT VARIOUS AGE PERIODS.

	15-20	30-35	35-40	40-45	45-50	50-55	55-60	60-65	65-70	70-75	Over 75
Males	_	_	_	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2
Females		_	_	-	3	1	2	1	1	7	4

### DEATHS DURING PAST 10 YEARS.

	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945
Males	10	17	14	15	12	16	16	13	14	11
Females	18	11	15	12	16	10	18	12	8	19
Total	28	28	29	27	28	26	34	25	22	30

## DEATH RATE FOR THE PAST 10 YEARS.

Year.	С	ancer I	Deaths.	Total num of Dear (all caus	ths	Rate per 100 deaths.
1936		24	• • •	240		10.0
1937		28	• • •	223	• • •	12.5
1938	• • •	28		241		11.6
1939		29		182		15.9
1940		27		242	• • •	11.2
1941		28	• • •	232		12.1
1942		26		248		10.5
1943	• • •	34		225		15 · 1
1944		25		255		9.8
1945		30		203	• • •	14.7

## TUBERCULOSIS.

		IOL	LICC	LOSIC	•			
Number of pri- received fro	mary :	notifica edical	ations prac-	Total.	Puli	nonary.	Non Pulmona	
titioners on			•	17	•••	12	4	
Un-notified cas Death Retur	es (ob ms)	tained 	from	_	•••	1	–	
	,	Total	-  -	17	•••	13	4	
Localisation of	the Dis	sease :-	_					
·			M.		F.		Total.	
Pulmonary Tub	erculo	sis	6		7	•••	13	
Glands of Neck		•••	2	•••	1	•••	3	
Peritoneum	• • •	•••	1			•••	1	
		-	9		8	•••	17	
Occupation of 1	Patient	s :—		,		NT	D. las on	
			Pu	lmonar	<b>y.</b>	Non-	Pulmon	ary
Publican	•••	•••	•••	_	•••	•••	1	
Clerk (Office)	•••	•••	•••	2	•••	•••	_	
Household Dut	ies	•••	•••	4	•••	•••		
Weavers (Cotto	on Mill	1)		3		•••		
Painter		• • •	•••	1		•••	_	
Children				1	•••	•••	2	
Plumber				1		•••	_	
Sheet Metal W	orker		•••	1		•••	_	
Apprentice Bri	ick La	yer	•••	1	•••	•••	1	
					•••	•••		
				13	•••	•••	4	
					•••	•••		

The following table shews the age periods of new cases and of deaths in the area:—

		New	Cases.		Deaths.			
Age. Periods.	Pulmonary.		Non- Pulmonary.		Pulmonary.		Non- Pulmonary.	
	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
0— 1								
	6	7	3	1	4	3		_
Totals	1	3		4		7		ر <u>-</u> -

Table.

Comparative Statement of Cases Notified during past 10 years.

F	ULMONAF	RY.	Non-Pulmonary.				
Year.	M.	F.	М.	F.	Total.		
1936	7	7	1	3	18		
1937	4	8	2	3	17		
1938	1	7	4	6	18		
1939	5	4	1	4	14		
1940	5	5	5	2	17		
1941	7	4	6	5	22		
1942	3	11	1	0	15		
1943	3	7	_	3	13		
1944	3	3	4	3	13		
1945	6	7	3	1	17		

The notification of the disease by medical practitioners is very satisfactorily carried out and no case of wilful neglect or refusal to notify has occurred.

Deaths from Tuberculosis.

Pulmonary

Non-Pulmonary.

i dillionary.			2.022 2 32222 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3				
Year.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.		
1936	7	4	_	1	12		
1937	3	7	3	1	14		
1938	2	_	1	_	3		
1939	2	3		_	5		
1940	4	5		-	9		
1941	3	. 5	3	1	12		
1942	3	6	-	1	10		
1943	-	2	-	1	3		
1944	1	-		2	3		
1945	4	3	-	-	7		

Of the 7 deaths there was one un-notified case.

There does not appear to be any evidence of excessive incidence of, or mortality from, tuberculosis in any particular occupation.

Nine patients were sent to various sanatoria for treatment, and two pulmonary and seven non-pulmonary cases were reported by the County Tuberculosis Officer to have recovered from the disease.

No action was taken under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925, which relate to persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis employed in the milk trade; or under the Public Health Act, 1936, relating to the compulsory removal to a hospital of persons suffering from tuberculosis.

D. C. LAMONT.

R. E. ROBINSON,

Joint Medical Officers of Health.